

BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members of 360 ONE INVESTMENT ADVISER AND TRUSTEE SERVICES LIMITED (formerly known as IIFL INVESTMENT ADVISER AND TRUSTEE SERVICES LIMITED)

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Thirteenth Annual Report** of 360 ONE INVESTMENT ADVISER AND TRUSTEE SERVICES LIMITED ("Company" and formerly known as IIFL INVESTMENT ADVISER AND TRUSTEE SERVICES LIMITED) together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The highlights of the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2024 as compared to previous financial year, are as under:

(₹ In MN)

Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Gross Total Income	₹ 377.49	₹ 161.60
Less: Expenditure	₹ 195.04	₹ 140.99
Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation	₹ 182.45	₹ 20.61
Less: Taxation – Current	₹ 46.39	₹ 5.01
- Deferred	₹ (0.42)	₹ 0.05
- Mat Credit Gains		-
- Short or Excess Provision of Income Tax		-
Net Profit / (Loss) After Tax	₹ 136.48	₹ 15.55

^{*} Figure are as per Indian AS

2. REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS AND MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Our company provides advisory services to families to address their succession needs in respect of their Indian assets. In the ever-changing regulatory social, economic and geo political environment, as a well-established and reputed brand in the Estate Planning Advisory and Trusteeship space we have been helping clients and their upcoming future generations benefit by ensuring continuity, prudence, and professionalism in the management of their asset holdings.

We have been assisting families in planning succession of their different asset classes viz. business holding, financial assets, immovable assets, jewelry, art and artefacts. The primary goal of estate planning is to ensure that the estate of the wealth earner/owner is seamlessly passed on to the beneficiaries in the most efficient manner while continuing to be utilized for

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REGISTRATION NO: INA000000888 CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334



the benefit of the family. We have also been actively engaging with the clients for Trust Administration Services offering to them a very efficacious solution to their Trusteeship and Trust maintenance needs where they can retain the primary control within the family while still ensuring professionally managed operations of the Trust.

Trust vehicles were in the past being used purely as testamentary vehicles for holding and deferred or conditional distribution of the estate of a testator. With the passage of time numerous utility aspects of Trusts have emerged. Today, Trust-based vehicles are being used for broad spectrum of client requirements ranging from holding of assets for ensuring seamless benefits to family members, consolidation of family business holding or specific benefit driven trust structures to cater to needs of minors and ageing HNIs who need to provide for their own care as well in case of their incapacitation. Private trust structures have evolved as effective vehicles for holding investing assets, housing interest of family in business entities securing the interests of the beneficiaries by providing asset protection and ensuring distribution of income and assets as per the desires of the wealth owner.

We have been part of this transformation advising our clients with innovative, tailor-made solutions basis their objectives. We have also been actively involved in guiding on a very selective basis in the drafting of family constitution for some key families helping them to decide on approach and also with procuring necessary expert advisory from specialized firms on regulatory and taxation matter so as to ensure a one-stop and wholesome solution for their family situation.

3. FUTURE OUTLOOK OF THE BUSINESS

Due to the dynamic nature of global environment, we have seen increased enquires from families on the need and importance of estate planning.

Today, we are exclusive advisors to over more than 850 families, trustees to 414 trusts and Assets under Trusteeship (Portfolio Assets) of over INR 10,211 crores as on 31st March 2024, and continue to strongly hold our position as one of the largest Trusteeship services provider in India in the Family Private Trust space. We have our offices in 3 locations across India viz Mumbai, NCR Region and Bengaluru.

It is heartening to note that we have been able to be a Trusted Advisor to families across more than 15 states.

While we continue to provide our clients with tailor-made, innovative solutions and expand our footprint, we are also committed to build a technological platform to support certain

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aspects of our business. Our goal is to have a fully-supported and robust technological platform for the entire business over the next couple of years.

4. DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of your company, after considering holistically the relevant circumstances had decided that it would be prudent, not to recommend any Dividend for the year under review.

5. SHARE CAPITAL

As on March 31, 2024, the Authorised Share capital of the Company was ₹35,25,00,000 divided into 3,52,50,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10/- each and the total of issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Company stood at ₹35,22,50,000/- divided into 3,52,25,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10/- each.

The Company has not issued Sweat Equity Shares, Bonus Shares, Shares with Differential voting rights, Equity Shares on Rights basis and Preferential basis/Private placement basis during the year under review.

6. NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES:

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any debt securities.

7. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATES:

The Company does not have any subsidiaries/joint ventures/associates.

8. TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Board of Directors of your Company has decided not to transfer any amount to the reserves for the year under review.

9. DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted/renewed any deposit within the meaning of Section 73 of Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read with applicable rules thereto.

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10. ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to Section 92 and Section 134 of the Act, read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the draft Annual Return of the Company as on March 31, 2024, is available on the website of the Company at https://www.iiflwealth.com/IATSL-Disclosure-Documents.

11. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

a) Directors:

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Company represents an optimal mix of expertise, knowledge and experience. The Board at its meeting held on April 11, 2023, approved the appointment of Mr. Rohit Wadhwa as an Additional (Executive, Professional) Director designated as Whole-time Director on the Board of the Company with effect from April 11, 2023. Further, the members of the Company at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on May 31, 2023, approved the appointment of Mr. Rohit Wadhwa as Whole-time Director of the Company for a period of Three (3) years. Further, Mr. G.S. Vinothharish resigned as a Whole-Time Director of the Company with effect from April 12, 2023. The Board places on record its appreciation for the invaluable association and services to the Company provided by Mr. G.S. Vinothharish during his tenure as Whole-Time Director of the Company.

Accordingly, the composition of Board of Directors of the Company as on March 31, 2024 is as follows:

- 1. Mr. Girish Venkataraman, Whole-Time Director
- 2. Mr. Niraj Murarka, Non-Executive Director
- 3. Mr. Rohit Wadhwa, Whole-Time Director

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified from being appointed as Directors in terms of Section 164 of the Act.

b) Directors retiring by rotation:

In terms of provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of applicable provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Girish Venkataraman (DIN: 06981605), retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

The necessary resolution for his re-appointment and his brief profile is included in the notice convening the AGM.

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c) Meetings of the Board of Directors:

During the year under review, 7 (Seven) meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held on following dates: 1) April 11, 2023; 2) May 03, 2023; 3) July 19, 2023; 4) November 01, 2023; 5) January 08, 2024; 6) January 17, 2024 and 7) February 09, 2024.

The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days as mentioned under Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013.

d) Committees of the Board:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has duly constituted Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee. Mr. Girish Venkataraman, Mr. Niraj Murarka and Mr. Rohit Wadhwa are members of CSR Committee.

The CSR Committee has approved and adopted CSR Policy of the Company.

The Company was not liable to spend any amount on CSR during the FY 2023-24 and hence Annual Report on CSR activities of the Company is not required to annexed.

e) Annual Evaluation of the Board:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act; the Board took note of the annual performance evaluation results for the Board as a whole, its Committees and all the Directors of the Company, based on the following criteria:

For Board as a whole:

The criteria for evaluation of the Board, inter alia, included competency of the Board to conduct the Company's affairs, composition and diversity, constructiveness of the Meetings of the Board, cohesiveness of the Board to function as a team, managing current and potential strategic issues, risk management and corporate culture and values.

For Committee of the Board:

The criteria for evaluation of the Committee of the Board, *inter alia*, included composition and effectiveness of the Committees, frequency and regularity of the Meetings of the Committee, duration of the Meetings and effective recommendation to the Board.

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The Board carried out the evaluation of its performance and discussed the suggestions received from the Directors as a part of board evaluation process for the year under the review. The suitable feedback was conveyed to the Directors and the management, for necessary action. It also noted the development in the areas of focus identified in the previous year's evaluation.

f) Key Managerial Personnel:

During the year under review, there were following changes in the Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") of the Company.

Ms. Lalitha Subhashini B, Chief Financial Officer resigned wef February 09, 2024 and Mr. Himanshu K Jain was appointed as Chief Financial Officer wef February 10, 2024.

As on March 31, 2024 and as on the date of this report, following officials were the KMPs, pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act:

- 1. Mr. Girish Venkataraman, Whole-time Director & Chief Executive Officer;
- 2. Mr. Himanshu K Jain, Chief Financial Officer and
- 3. Ms. Nikita Shah, Company Secretary

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

There was NIL spending on CSR in the current year as the Company was not liable to spend any amount on CSR for the financial year 2023-24.

Hence, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Company during the year under review.

12. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

The disclosures pertaining to the remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, will be made available if a written request is received from Members. Further, if the request is received prior to the date of Annual General Meeting the details will be made available within 3 days and if the request if received post the date of Annual General Meeting then such particulars will be made available within 7 days.

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13. EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION/PURCHASE SCHEME:

The Company does not have an employee stock option/stock purchase scheme. However, eligible employees of the Company are granted options of 360 ONE WAM LIMITED (formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited), holding Company.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY AND INTERNAL ADEQUACY:

The Company has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuous basis.

The Company has in place adequate internal controls with reference to financial statements and operations and the same are operating effectively. The Statutory Auditors verified the systems and processes and confirmed that the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting are adequate and such controls are operating effectively. These controls are tested periodically to ensure they operate effectively and are revised, wherever needed.

15. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS OF THE COMPANY:

During the year under review, there were no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals against the Company which would impact the going concern status and the Company's future operations.

16. STATUTORY AUDITORS:

At the Annual General Meeting held on September 08, 2020 M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W100018), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company and shall continue to hold office for the Second Term of five years till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2025.

17. AUDITORS' REPORT:

The reports of the statutory auditors on financial statements of the Company form part of the Annual Report.

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers by the statutory auditors, in their report for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

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The notes to the Financial Statements referred in the auditor's reports are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any comments under Section 134 of the Act.

During the year under review, the statutory auditors have not reported any incident of fraud committed in the Company by its officers or employees to the Audit Committee under Section 143(12) of the Act.

18. SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

The provisions relating to submission of Secretarial Audit Report were not applicable to the Company during the year under review.

19. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186:

The Company has not made any loans, given guarantees or provided security during the year under review. The details of investments made are provided in Note No. 6 of the financial statements of the Company.

20. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All contracts or arrangement or transactions as referred Section 188 of the Act, that were entered into by the Company with the related parties during the year under review, were in ordinary course of the business of the Company and the same were on arm's length basis. Also, during the year under review, there were no material contracts or arrangement or transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties. Accordingly, the disclosure as required under Section 134 of the Act in Form AOC-2 is not applicable to the Company for financial year 2023-24 and hence does not form part of this Report.

The transactions with related parties are disclosed by way of Note No. 29 to the notes to financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

21. ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The information on energy conservation, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is appended below:

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a. Conservation of energy:

The Company is engaged in providing financial services and as such its operations do not account for substantial energy consumption. However, the Company takes all possible measures to conserve energy and reduce its carbon footprint. Several environment friendly measures adopted by the Company include:

- Using technology such as radiant cooling, adopting VRV (Variable Refrigerant Volume) in new projects,
- · Installation of capacitors to save power,
- Installation of Thin Film Transistor (TFT) monitors that saves power,
- · Replacing CFLs with LED lights,
- · Automatic power shutdown of idle monitors,
- Restricted access to printers at central hub besides removal of older printers,
- · Minimizing air-conditioning usage,
- · Procuring 100% green energy at our Mumbai Head- office,
- · Shutting off all the lights and air-conditioners when not in use, and
- Education and awareness programs for employees.

The management frequently puts circulars on corporate intranet and digital boards in common areas for the employees, educating them on ways and means to conserve electricity and other natural resources and encourages adherence of the same. For further details, please refer to the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report which forms part of the Annual Report.

b. Technology absorption and innovation:

The management understands the key role that technology plays in enabling the business and in driving growth. It operates and lays utmost emphasis on deploying scalable platforms and products to ensure a great and sustained customer and employee experience and to facilitate a digital platform that enables the launch of new services at speed and scale. The management keeps itself abreast of technological advancements in the industry and ensures continued and sustained efforts towards adoption of technology of the same to meet the business needs and objectives.

With a goal towards data democratization, rapid response to regulatory shifts, API first and service oriented architecture, the management has invested considerable resources in deploying the latest technologies. We have implemented master data management including one of the most complex securities reference data hubs, data lake, data warehouse and data governance. We have transformed onboarding and front office sales and service and are in the process of migrating legacy monolithic applications to micro services and API first capabilities.

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With a cloud first, API first and data first philosophy, we are moving towards a highly scalable, highly flexible, high performance business. The Company has also made significant strides in providing rapid and scalable ramp-up and ramp-down of capacity by adopting cloud technologies.

The management is aware of increasing threats in the information security domain and has taken several steps to ensure that the Company is safeguarded against cyber security attacks, data leakage and security breaches. It has ensured that the Company is at all times compliant with both regulatory and technological controls. Organization has adopted a multi-layered security approach by implementing security controls for addressing people, process and technology risks.

c. Foreign Exchange Earning: ₹ 24 Mn. Foreign Exchange Outgo: Nil

d. Research and development (R&D):

The Company is mainly engaged in advisory business and trusteeship services, which entails internal research of investment products, sectors and markets.

22. DISCLOSURES UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT 2013:

The Company is committed to provide a work environment that ensures every woman employee is treated with dignity and respect and afforded equitable treatment. The Company is also committed to promote a work environment that is conducive to the professional growth of its women employees and encourages equality of opportunity. The Company will not tolerate any form of sexual harassment and is committed to take all necessary steps to ensure that its women employees are not subjected to any form of harassment.

Your Directors further state that the Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee as per the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and has put in place a 'Prevention of Sexual Harassment and Complaint Procedure Policy' and that during the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The said policy of the Company inter alia specifies details on the reporting, redressal and enquiry process.

During the year, one (1) complaint was received by the Company, which was investigated and resolved as per the provisions of the POSH Act.

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23. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, it is hereby confirmed that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system were adequate and operating effectively.

24. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:

The Company has put in place adequate policies and procedures to ensure that the system of internal financial controls is commensurate with the size and nature of the Company's business. This system of internal financial controls provides a reasonable assurance in respect of providing financial and operational information, complying with applicable statutes, safeguarding of assets of the Company, prevention and detection of frauds, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and ensuring compliance with corporate policies.

25. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company has complied with the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meetings.

26. DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY AND VIGIL MECHANISM:

Considering the nature and size of the operations of the Company during the financial year 2023-24; the provisions of the Act regarding formal process of Vigil Mechanism are not applicable to the Company. However, going by its philosophy of providing fair and transparent working environment for all its employees, the Company has adopted a Policy on Vigil and

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Whistle Blower Mechanism and has established the necessary vigil mechanism for employees, directors, suppliers, service providers and contractual staff to raise genuine concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the policies.

The Policy on Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Mechanism provides for nature of issues covered, available reporting channels to report an incident, steps along with expected timelines for resolving concerns reported and measures available to safeguard against victimization of the whistle blower who avails of such mechanism. The whistle blower is provided access to any two Directors of the Company. No whistle blower complaint was received by the Company during the period under review.

The Policy on Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Mechanism is available on the website of the Company at https://archive.iiflwealth.com/sites/default/files/inline-files/Policy-on-Vigil-Mechanism-and-Whistle-Blower-Mechanism.pdf.

27. DOWNSTREAM INVESTMENT:

The Company has not made any downstream investments in terms Foreign Direct Investment Policy during the financial year 2023-24.

28. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-24 AND DATE OF THIS REPORT:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year under review and the date of this Report.

29. OTHER DISCLOSURES:

During the year under review:

- There was no change in the nature of business during the financial year under review.
- There was no revision in the Financial Statements of the Company;
- Maintenance of cost records and requirement of cost audit as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act were not applicable for the business activities carried out by the Company;
- There was no application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016;
- There was no one-time settlement entered into with any Bank or financial institutions in respect of any loan taken by the Company.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your Directors would like to place on record their gratitude for the valuable guidance and support received from regulatory agencies. Your Directors acknowledge the support of the members and also wish to place on record their appreciation for employees for their commendable efforts, teamwork and professionalism.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
360 ONE INVESTMENT ADVISER AND TRUSTEE SERVICES LIMITED
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Girish Venkataraman

Whole-time Director & CEO

DIN: 06981605 Date: April 20, 2024 Place: Mumbai Niraj Kumar Murarka

Director

DIN: 02312454

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Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of 360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited)
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of 360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other
 information comprises the information included in the Director's report but does not include
 the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director's report is expected to
 be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent



with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

• When we read the Director's report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal financial controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.



- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 28 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and has not proposed final dividend for the year.
 - vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software(s) for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software(s). Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.



As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

júm¹A. Qazi (Partner)

(Membership No. 104968) (UDIN 24104968BKCMDH1028)

Place: Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;



(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Anjum A. Qazi

(Partner)

(Membership No. 104968) (UDIN 24104968BKCMDH1028)

Place: Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) In respect to the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) As, the Company does not hold any intangible assets, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment, were physically verified during the year by the Management which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification at reasonable intervals.
 - (c) The Company does not have any immovable properties and hence reporting under of Clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment during the year. The Company does not have any intangible assets.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause (ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, at any point of time of the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets, and hence reporting under clause (ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has made investments in, provided guarantee or security to and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. With respect to such investments, guarantees or security and loans or advances:
 - (a) The Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee, or provided security during the year and details of which are given below:

	Loans (Including Interest) (Rs. in million)
A) Aggregate Amount Granted/provided during the year	
Subsidiaries	Nil
Joint Ventures	Nil
Associates	Nil
Others	80.70



	Loans (Including Interest) (Rs. in million)
B) Balance Outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:	
Subsidiaries	Nil
Joint Ventures	Nil
Associates	Nil
Others	0.49

- (b) The investments made, guarantees provided and securities given during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as per stipulation.
- (d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause (iii)(f) is not applicable.
- (iv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees, and securities provided, as applicable.
- (v) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act, for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) Undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Incometax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited by it with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of the Employee State Insurance, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax are not applicable to the Company.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Income-tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



(b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount (Rs. In million)	Amount unpaid (Rs. In million)
Income Tax Act,1961	Disallowance under 14A and Disallowance of expense	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)	AY 2017- 18	15.23	12.10

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix)
- (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any banks, Financial Institutions, government agencies. Hence reporting under clause (ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilised term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the funds raised on short-term basis have, *prima facie*, not been used during the year for long term purposes by the Company.
- (e) The Company did not have any subsidiary or associate or joint venture during the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x)
- (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of Initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.



- (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report)
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv)

- (a) In our opinion the Company is not required to have an internal audit system under section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) There are no internal auditors and hence, reporting under clause (xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi)

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Group does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report, that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of



the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Anjum A. Qazi

(Partner) (Membership No. 104968)

(UDIN 24104968BKCMDH1028)

Place: Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334 Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

1	₹	M	nì	

Sr No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 20
	ASSETS			
1	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents		20.25	
(b)	Receivables	3 4	20.35	
(6)	(I) Trade receivables	4	20204	
	(II) Other receivables		202.94	
(c)	Loans	5	0.32	
(d)	investments	6	0.49 364.77	-
(e)	Other financial assets	7	23.48	3
• • •		,	23.40	
2	Non-Financial Assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)		19.54	
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	8	2.64	
(c)	Property, plant and equipment	9	1.64	
(d)	Intangible assets under development	10	2.17	
(e)	Right of use assets	11	1.07	
(f)	Other non-financial assets	12	0.79	
	Total Assets		640.20	4
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	LIABILITIES			
1	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables			
(0)	(I)Trade payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro			
	enterprises and small enterprises			
	·		1	
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other	13		
	than micro enterprises and small enterprises	13	39.04	
(b)	Lease Liabilities	11	1.11	
(c)	Other financial liabilities	14	0.48	
_]	
2	Non-Financial Liabilities		[
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)		35.98	
(b)	Provisions	15	4.06	
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	16	13.92	
3	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity share capital	17	352.25	3
(b)	Other equity	18	193.36	•
	Total Liabilities and Equity		640.20	4

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number, 117366W/W-100018

Anjum A. Qazi

Partner

(Membership No.104968)

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Girish Venkataraman Whole Time Director and CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 Niraj Kumar Murarka

Director

(DIN: 02312454)

Company Secretary (ACS: 26447)

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ Mn)

Sr No.	Particulars	Note No.	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
1	Revenue from operations			
(a)	Fees and commission income	19	345.90	130.6
	Total revenue from operations		345.90	130.6
2	Other income	20	31.59	32.0
3	Total income (1+2)		377.49	161.6
	Expenses			
(a)	Finance costs	21	0.17	1.3
(b)	Fees and commission expenses		400.0	0.00
(c)	Impairment on financial instruments	22	2.06	2.0
(d)	Employee benefit expenses	23	167.59	100.9
(e)	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	11	0.70	0.:
(f)	Other expenses	24	24.52	36.3
4	Total expenses		195.04	140.9
5	Profit before tax {3-4}		182.45	20.
6	Tax expense:			
(a)	Current tax	25	46.39	5.
(b)	Deferred tax	25	(0.42)	
7	Profit for the year (5-6)		136.48	15.
8	Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
(a)	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	- Remeasurements of Employee Benefits	23.1	(1.03)	(0.
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to			
	profit or loss	25	0.26	G.
	Subtotal (a)		(0.77)	(0.
(b)	(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Subtotal (b)			•
	Other comprehensive income (a+b)		(0.77)	(0.
	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (7+8)			
9	(Comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the			
	year)		135.71	14.
10	Earnings per equity share			
	Basic ₹	26	3.87	,
	Diluted ₹	26 26	3.87	0. 0.
			3.8/	U.
				i

Note:- 0.00# indicates less than (₹10,000/~)

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number, 117366W/W-100018

Anjun A. Qazi Partner

(Membership No.104968)

Place : Mumbaí Date: April 20, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Girish Venkataraman Whole Time Director and CEO

(DIN: 06981605)

Himanshu K.Jain

Date: April 20, 2024

Place : Mumbai

Chief Financial Officer

Niraj Kumar Murarka Director (DIN: 02312454)

Company Secretary (ACS: 26447)

Statement Of Cashflows for the year ended March 31, 2024

D. W. J.		(₹ Mn)
Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	103.45	20.64
Adjustments for:	182.45	20.61
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	0.70	
Provisions for Employee benefits	0.70	0.33
Net changes in Fair value through Profit and loss of Investments	1.13	(1.23)
Impairment on Financial Instrument	(2.28)	(1.36)
Interest Income	2.06	2.02
Interest income	(29.28)	(29.64)
Interest expenses Interest on lease liabilities	0.09	1.24
interest on lease nabilities	0.08	0.07
Operating profit before working capital changes	154.95	(7.96)
Changes in working Capital:		(.130)
(Increase)/Decrease in Financial/Non-financial Assets	(151.67)	11.57
Increase/(Decrease) in Financial/Non-financial Liabilities	23.04	(1.87)
	20/3 \	(1.07)
Cash generated from operations	26.32	1.74
Harrage ID agrange in Lawre for to the control of t		
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans (net disbursed)	(0.49)	-
Cash generated from operating activities	25.83	1.74
Net income tax (paid)	(5.20)	/o.cov
	(5.20)	(0.59)
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	20.63	1.15
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for purchase of investments	(58.90)	(8.76)
Interest income received	29.28	29.64
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment (includes intangible assets)	(3.54)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(5.54)	(0.70)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities (B)	(33.16)	20.18
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest Paid	(0.09)	(1.24)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(0.09)	(1.24)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(12.62)	20.09
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents	32.97	12.88
Closing Cash & cash equivalents	20,35	32.97
		36.31

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Information

As per our report of even date attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number. 117366W/W-100018

Anjum A. Qazi Partner

(Membership No.104968)

Girish Venkataraman

Whole Time Director and CEO

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(DIN: 06981605)

Himanshu & Jain

Chief Financial Officer

Niraj Kumar Murarka

Director

(DIN: 02312454)

Company Secretary (ACS: 26447)

Place: Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334 Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2024

		·	POTAN.	(₹ Mn)
Balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at March 31, 2024
357.25	-	352.25	-	352.25

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2023

Balance as at April 01, 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2022	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at March 31, 2023
352.25	-	352.25		352.25

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS ON MARCH 31, 2024

(₹ Mn)

	Equity	Equity attributable to owners of the Company					
		Other Equity					
Particulars	Securities Premium Account	Retained Earnings	Total Other Equity				
Balance at the beginning of the year April 01, 2023	1.40	56.25	57.65				
Profit for the year		136.48	136.48				
Other comprehensive income		(0.77)	(0.77)				
Balance at the end of the year March 31, 2024	1.40	191,96	193.36				

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS ON MARCH 31, 2023

	(₹ Mn)	
ny		
her Equity		
	42.79	
	10.00	

Particulars	Equity attributable to owners of the Company Other Equity		
	Balance at the beginning of the year April 01, 2022	1.40	41.39
Profit for the year		15.55	15.55
Other comprehensive income		(0.69)	(0.69)
Balance at the end of the year March 31, 2023	1.40	56.25	57.65

As per our report of even date attached

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number 117366W/W-100018

Anjum A. Qazi

(Membership No.104968)

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Girish Venkataraman Whole Time Director and

CEO

(DIN: 06981609

Himanshy k. Jain

Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

Niraj Kumar Murarka

(DIN: 02312454)

(ACS: 26447)

Director

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024

CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

Note 1. Corporate Information:

360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of 360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited). In the current year name of the Company has changed to 360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited vide ROC Certificate of incorporation dated January 5, 2023. The Company is mainly engaged into undertaking and carrying on the office or offices and duties of Trustee, custodian trustee, executor, administrator, liquidator, receiver, attorney or nominee of, or for funds and assets of all holders including corporate bodies, high net worth individuals (HNI's), Hindu Undivided Family (HUFs), Private or Public Trusts, Mutual Funds, offshore funds, pension funds, superannuation funds, provident funds, venture capital funds, private equity funds and to hold the property in trust for the benefit of the beneficiaries of the Trust. The Company is registered with SEBI as an Investment Advisor.

Note 2 - Material Accounting Policies

a) Statement of Compliance:

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereof issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

These financials statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on April 20,2024.

b) Basis of Preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through Profit or Loss and other financial assets held for trading. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

c) Presentation of Financial Statement:

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 30.1.

d) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when the promised goods and services are transferred to the customer i.e. when performance obligations are satisfied. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company applies the five-step approach for the recognition of revenue:

Identification of contracts with the customers: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more
parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must
be met.



CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

- ii. **Identification of the separate performance obligation in the contract:** A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- iii. Determination of transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- iv. Allocation of transaction price to separate performance obligation: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- v. Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied

The following is a description of principal activities from which the Company generates its revenue.

- Trusteeship fees: Fees on trusteeship services are recognised at a point in time when the service obligations are completed and when the terms of contracts are fulfilled.
- Advisory Fees: Revenue is recognised over time or when the outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably
 by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction in accordance with the underlying arrangement.

e) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

· Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Company recognises a financial asset in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement:

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the Company's business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories: i. Financial assets measured at amortised cost

ii. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) iii. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

i. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

A financial asset is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met: - The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and





CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii. Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For the above category, income by way of interest and dividend, provision for impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and changes in fair value (other than on account of above income or expense) are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. On disposal of such debt instruments at FVTOCI financial assets, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in other equity is reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii. Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI as mentioned above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in associate Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when any of the following occurs:

- The contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expires;
- The Company transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset;
- The Company retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset);
- The Company neither transfers nor retains, substantially all risk and rewards of ownership, and does not retain control over the financial asset.

On Derecognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in ii above for financial assets measured at FVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement:

The Company recognises a financial liability in its Balance Sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Having regards to the terms and structure of issuance, Financial Liabilities are categorized as follows:

(i) recognised at amortised costs





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

- (ii) recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) including the embedded derivative component if any, which is not separated.
- (iii) where there is an embedded derivative as part of the financial liability, such embedded derivative is separated and recorded at fair value and the remaining component is categorized as on amortised costs.

Subsequent measurement:

- (i) All financial liabilities of the Company are categorised as subsequently measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method.
- (ii) All financial liabilities of the Company are categorised at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss statement.
- (iii) For derivatives embedded in the liability, the embedded derivative is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss and the liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition: A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

f) Fair Value

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels, described as follows. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Level 1 — quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2 — inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 —inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

g) Measurement of foreign currency items at reporting date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company are translated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Nonmonetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is measured.

Exchange differences arising out of these translations are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

h) Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax:

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible in accordance with applicable tax laws. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- (i) the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- (ii) tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods

In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

The deferred tax assets (net) and deferred tax liabilities (net) are determined separately for the Company, as per their applicable laws and then aggregated.

Presentation of current and deferred tax:

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

i) Provisions and Contingencies

The Company recognises provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less.

k) Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the Statement of Profit and Loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method



CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

Post-Employment Benefits:

(I) Defined contribution plans:

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Company pays fixed contributions into state managed retirement benefit schemes and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions, if any, if the state managed funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. The Company's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the financial year to which they relate. The Company operates defined contribution plans pertaining to Employee State Insurance Scheme and Government administered Pension Fund Scheme for all applicable employees and the Company also operates Defined Contribution Plans pertaining to Provident Fund Scheme.

Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The Company recognises contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the employees render services to the Company during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contributions already paid, the deficit payable is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

II. Defined benefit plans:

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan, for employees. The Company makes annual contributions to funds administered by trustees and managed by a financial institution, towards meeting the Gratuity obligations.

Recognition and measurement of defined benefit plans:

The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognised in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if applicable. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognised representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost if any and net interest on the defined benefit liability (asset) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.

I) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) of the Holding Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments of the Company.



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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

m) Share-based Compensation

The Company recognises compensation expense relating to share-based payments in the net profit using fair value in accordance with Ind AS 102, Share-Based Payment. The estimated fair value of awards is charged to income on a straight line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award.

n) Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

2.2 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumption

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The following are the key accounting judgments that the management has used:

i. Property, Plant and Equipment

The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets and are based on changes in technical or commercial obsolescence.

ii. Defined Benefit Obligation

The costs are assessed on the basis of assumptions selected by the management. These assumptions include salary escalation rate, discount rates, expected rate of return on assets and mortality rates.

Estimates and assumptions: The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below:

i. Fair value measurement of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in





CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2024

the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

ii. Expected Credit Loss

The provision for expected credit loss involves estimating the probability of default and loss given default based on the past experience and other factors.





360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.00#	O.03
Balance with banks		3.53
- Current Accounts	20.35	32.94
Cash and Cash equivalents	20.35	32.97
Note: 0.00# indicates less than (₹10,000/-)		





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 4. Receivables (₹ Min)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(i) Trade receivables		
Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	202.94	53.49
Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	8.04	5.98
Total (i)- Gross	210.98	59.47
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8.04)	(5.98)
Total (i)- Net	202,94	53,49
(ii) Other receivables		
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	0.32	0.33
Total (ii)- Gross	0.32	0.33
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	~
Total (ii)- Net	0.32	0.33
Total (i+ii)	203.26	53.82

- a) No trade receivables are due from directors or from other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or private companies respectively in which any directors is a partner, director or a member as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- b) No trade or other receivables are interest bearing.
- c) The Company has adopted simplified approach for impairment allowance. Expected Credit loss (ECL) has been recognised for credit impaired trade receivables





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 4.1. Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Dutst	Outstanding for following nariods from due date of navment	neriods fron	due date of	navment		
		9		3			
	Less than 6 months	Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 year 1-2 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Unbilled revenue	Total
	dia con						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	107.30	11.00	3.04		1	81.60	202.94
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	,		·			The second secon	,
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired		1.22	2.25	4.57	***************************************	٠	8.04
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good		7	1				
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk			,		4	,	-
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	1	F	,	٠		1	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	•	(1.22)	(2.25)	(4.57)	t	ı	(8.04)
Net Receivable as at March 31, 2024	107.30	11.00	3.04	,		81.60	202.94

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Particulars	Outsta	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	periods from	due date of	payment		
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year 1-2 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Unbilled revenue	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	44.35	6.58	2.06	-	•	0.50	53.49
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	ŗ	•	ı	,		,	,
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired		0.73	0.91	4.34	,	r	5.98
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	•	•	,	1	,		
(v) Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	•	1	1	,	•		
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	1	1		,	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	(0.73)	(0.91)	(4.34)	•	•	(2.98)
Net Receivable as at March 31, 2023	44.35	85'9	2.06	-	•	0.50	53.49





360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited) CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

(₹ Mn)

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 5. Loans

	A	As at March 31, 2024	4		As at March 31, 2023	1, 2023	
		At Fair value			At Fair value		
Loans	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Total	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Subtotal	Total
(A)							
(i) Others - Staff loan	67:0	•	0.49	ŧ	*	1	1
Total (A) - Net	67'0	•	0.49	•	•	-	ı
(B)							-
Total (B)-Net	-	-	-	-	,	1	1
(c)							:
(I) Loans in India	0.49	1	0.49	1	1	1	•
Total(C) (I)-Net	65'0	•	0.49	1	t	ī	ŧ
(II)Loans outside India	* -	-	1	4	\$	•	1
Total (C) (II)- Net	ī	,	-	-	-	,	-
Total C(I) and C(II)	0.49	1	0.49	1	1	-	ı





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 6. Investments

As at March 31, 2024 At Fair value
Through profit Total or loss
172.02
192.75
364.77
364.77
364.77
364.77





360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited)
CIN: U74990MH2010PLC211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024		,				(₹ Mn)
	Ψ	As at March 31, 2024	124		As at March 31, 2023	1, 2023
Name of Investment	Face Value	No. of Units	Total Amount	Face Value	No. of Units	Total Amount
Investment in Mutual funds include :						The state of the s
ICICI Prudential Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	1,000.00	16,335.11	21.08	1,000.00	8,381.74	10.13
Baroda Bnp Paribas Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	1,000.00	1,20,042.12	150.94	1	1	1
Total			172.02			10.13
Investment in Debt securities include :						
360 ONE Prime Limited SR-FEB2027 10 NCD Perpetual	5,00,000.00	192.00	95.97	5,00,000.00	190.00	95.92
360 ONE Prime Limited SR-MARCH2027 10 NCD Perpetual	00'000'00'5	190.00	96.78	5,00,000.00	392.00	197.54
Total			192.75			293.46
Gr.Total			364.77			303.59





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 7. Other financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Other deposits	0.10	0.03
Advances to group company (Note no.29)	0.16	-
Income accrued and not due	23.22	21.86
Total	23.48	21.89





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 8. Deferred Taxes

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2024 are as follows:

(₹ Mn)

	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in/reclassified from OCI	Closing balance
Deferred tax assets:			***************************************	
Impairment of Financial Instruments	1.51	0.51	-	2.02
Retirement benefits for employees	0.49	0.24	0.26	0.99
Impact of Ind AS 116	0.02	(0.01)		0.01
Total deferred tax assets (A)	2.02	0.74	0.26	3.02
Deferred tax liabilities				
Property, plant & equipment	-	0.01		0.01
Unrealised profit on investments etc.	0.06	0.31	-	0.37
Total deferred tax liabilities (B)	0.06	0.32	-	0.38
Net Deferred tax assets (A - B)	1.96	0.42	0.26	2.64

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Deferred tax assets:	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in/reclassified from OCI	Closing balance
Impairment of Financial Instruments	0.99			
Retirement benefits for employees	(0.01)	0.52	0.23	1.51
Impact of Ind AS 116	0.02	- 0.27	U.23	0.49
Total deferred tax assets (A)	0.98	0.79	0.23	2.02
Deferred tax liabilities	1			
Unrealised profit on investments etc.	0.03	0.03		0.06
Total deferred tax liabilities (B)	0.03	0.03	-	0.06
Net Deferred tax liabilities	0.03	0.03	-	0.06
Net Deferred tax assets (A - B)	0.95	0.76	0.23	1.96





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 9. Property Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Vehicles	Computers	Total
Gross Block as on April 01, 2023	1 - 1	0.13	0.13
Additions	1.06	0.86	1.92
Deductions/ adjustments during the year	-		_
As at March 31, 2024	1.06	0.99	2.05
Accumulated Depreciation			
Upto April 01, 2023			
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	0.19	0.22	0.41
Upto March 31, 2024	0.19	0.22	0.41
Net Block as at March 31, 2024	0.87	0.77	1.54

Particulars	Vehicles	Computers	Total
Gross Block as on April 01, 2022	-	-	-
Additions	-	0.13	0.13
Deductions/ adjustments during the year	-	-	_
As at March 31, 2023	-	0.13	0.13
Accumulated Depreciation			
Upto April 01, 2022	-	-	_
Depreciation for the year	-		
Upto March 31, 2023	-	-	
Net Block as at March 31, 2023	-	0.13	0.13





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 10. Intangible Assets under development

Ι.∓	R.A	m

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Opening Balance	0.56		
Intangible Assets under development		0.56	
Additions	1.61		
Deductions/ Adjustments during the year	-	-	
Total	2.17	0.56	

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ Mn)

Particulars	Intangibles under development for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1.61	0.56	-		2.17

Intangible assets under development ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Intangibles under development for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
Projects in progress	0.56	-	-		0.56

Intangible under development completion schedule for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project - TSL Estate Planning Platform	2.17	-	-	-	2,17

Intangible under development completion schedule for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	To be completed in				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project - TSL Estate Planning Platform	0.56	-	-	-	0.56





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 11. Disclosure Pursuant to Ind AS 116 "Leases"

(₹ Mn)

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Balance as at 01 April, 2023	2.25	2.25	
Additions during the year	0.81	0.81	
Depreciation charge for the year	(0.30)	(0.30)	
Deletions during the year	(1.69)	(1.69)	
Balance as at March 31, 2024	1.07	1.07	

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Balance as at 01 April, 2022	0.09	0.09	
Additions during the year	2,47	2.47	
Depreciation charge for the year	(0.33)	(0.33)	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2.25	2.25	

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Balance as at 01 April, 2023	2.28	2.28	
Additions	0.82	0.82	
Deletion	(1.72)	(1.72)	
Finance cost accrued during the year	0.08	0.08	
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.35)	(0.35)	
Balance as at March 31, 2024	1.11	1.11	

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Balance as at 01 April, 2022	0.16	0.16	
Additions	2.47	2.47	
Finance cost accrued during the year	0.07	0.07	
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.37)	(0.37)	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2.28	2.28	

Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows

Particulars	Vehicles	Total
Less than one year	0.39	0.39
One to five years	0.88	0.88
More than five years	-	-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 March 2024	1.27	1.27
Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position at 31 March 2024	1.11	1.11

Particulars	Vehicles	Total
Less than one year	0.69	0.69
One to five years	1.94	1.94
More than five years	-	-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at 31 March 2023	2.63	2.63
Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position at 31 March		
2023	2.28	2.28

Amounts recognised in profit or loss

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Interest on lease liabilities	0.08	0.07
Expenses relating to short-term leases	-	5.13
Depreciation relating to leases	0.30	0.33
Total	0.38	5.53

Amount of Cash Outflows for Lease repayments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total cash outflow for leases	0.35	0.37





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 12. Other Non Financial Assets

(₹ Mn)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Prepaid expenses	0.76	0.90
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received – Unsecured	0.03	0.42
Total	0.79	1.32

Note 13. Payables

(₹ Mn)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Trade payables	-	-
-(i)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small		
enterprises (Refer note 13.1)	-	*
-{ii)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	39.04	19.83
Total	39.04	19.83

13.1. Disclosure under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The following disclosure is made as per the requirement under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2016 (MSMED) on the basis of confirmations sought from suppliers on registration with the specified authority under MSMED.

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
(a) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end	-	
(b) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end		***************************************
(c) Amount of interest paid and payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	-	
(d) Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act	-	
(e) Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the year end	-	-
(f) Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act	-	-

There are no amounts due to the suppliers covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. This information takes into account only those suppliers who have responded to the enquiries made by the Company for this purpose. No interest is payable in respect of the same.





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

13.2. Trade payables ageing schedule as on March 31,2024

(₹ Mn)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Provision and unbilled	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	0.82		-	-	38.22	39.04
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - others	-					····
Total trade payables as at March 31, 2024	0.82	-		-	38.22	39,04

13.3. Trade payables ageing schedule as on March 31,2023

I# Mn)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		Outstanding for following		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment		
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Provision and unbilled	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-		-	-	
(ii) Others	6.44	-	-	-	13.39	19.83	
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	_	-	-		
(iv) Disputed dues - others	-	-				-	
Total trade payables as at March 31, 2023	6.44		-		13.39	19.83	





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 14. Other Financial Liabilities

(₹Mn)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	(10111)
Payable to group companies (Note No: 29)	0.21		0.86
Others	0.27		0.32
Total	0.48		1.18

Note 15. Provisions:

(₹Mn)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for employee benefits		
- Gratuity	3.91	2.00
- Compensated absences	0.15	0.11
Total	4.06	2.11

Note 16. Other Non Financial Liabilities:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Statutory remittances	13.92	7.93
Total	13.92	7.93





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 17. Share Capital:

(a)The authorised, issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital comprises of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- as follows:

Ι¥	ħ.A	٨١

Authorised :	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
35,250,000 Equity shares (Previous years 35,250,000 Equity shares) of ₹ 10/- each with voting rights	352.50	352.50
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up: 35,225,000 Equity shares (Previous years 35,225,000 Equity shares) of ₹ 10/- each fully paidup with voting rights	352.25	352.25
Total	352.25	352.25

(b) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period.

Particulars	As at March	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	Amount (₹ Mn)	No. of shares	Amount (₹ Mn)	
At the beginning of the year	3,52,25,000	352.25	3,52,25,000	352.25	
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-		
Outstanding at the end of the year	3,52,25,000	352.25	3,52,25,000	352.25	

(c) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(d) Details of shares held by Holding Company:

Partículars	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31	, 2023
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth	777.111			
Management Limited) and its nominees	3,52,25,000	100.0%	3,52,25,000	100.0%

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company:

(1) I will be a second of the	orang company.			
Particulars	As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31,	, 2023
	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IFL Wealth				
Management Limited) and its nominees	3,52,25,000	100.0%	3,52,25,000	100.0%

(f) Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

	As at March	31, 2024	***************************************
Promoters Name	No of shares	%holding	% change during the year
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IFL Wealth			
Management Limited) and its nominees	3,52,25,000	100%	0.0%

	As at March	31, 2023	
Promoters Name	No of shares	%holding	% change during the year
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth			
Management Limited) and its nominees	3,52,25,000	100%	0.0%

(g) During the period of 5 years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date, the Company has not issued any equity shares without payment being received in cash, bonus shares and has not bought back any equity shares.

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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 18. Other Equity:

(₹ Mn)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Securities premium	1.40	1.40
Retained earnings	191.96	56.25
Total	193.36	57.65

Securities Premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium.

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 19. Fees and Commission Income

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Advisory Fees*	274.52	74.44
Trustee Fees	71.38	56.16
TOTAL	345.90	130.60

^{*} Above includes income from related parties Note No.29





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 20. Other Income (₹ Mn)

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Profit on cancellation of lease	0.03	-
Interest Income	29.28	29.64
Change in fair value of investments - realised	1.06	1.23
Change in fair value of investments - unrealised	1.22	0.13
Total	31.59	31.00





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 21. Finance Cost

		2023 - 2024			2022 - 2023	
Particulars	On financial liabilities On financial measured at fair value liabilities measured through profit or loss at amortised cost	nancial liabilities On financial ured at fair value liabilities measured ugh profit or loss at amortised cost	Total	On financial liabilities On financial measured at fair value liabilities measured through profit or loss at amortised cost	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	Total
Interest on borrowings	*	60.0	0.09	-	1.24	1.24
Other finance Costs	-	0.08	0.08	-	20.0	0.07
Total	•	0.17	0.17	•	1.31	1.31





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 22. Impairment On Financial Instruments

	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Particulars	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost	On financial instruments measured at amortised cost
On Trade Receivable	2.06	2.02
Total	2.06	2.02





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 23. Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹	M	n

		[2.16(13)
Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Salaries and wages	157.48	94.43
Contribution to provident and other funds	2.98	2.59
Share based payments to employees	4.79	1.85
Staff welfare expenses	1.21	1.41
Gratuity expense (Refer Note 23.1)	1.10	0.62
Leave encashment	0.03	0.05
Total	167.59	100.95





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

23.1. Gratuity Abridged Disclosure Statement For the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	2023 2024	1023
Type of benefit	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Country	Gratuity	Gratuity
Reporting currency	India INR	India
	Indian Accounting Standard 19	INR
Reporting standard	(Ind AS 19)	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS
Funding status	Funded	19)
Starting period	01-Apr-2023	Funded
Date of reporting	31-Mar-2024	01-Apr-2022 31-Mar-2023
Period of reporting	12 Months	12 Months
		12 MORUS
Assumptions		
Expected return on plan assets	7.21%	7.46%
Rate of discounting	7.21%	7.46%
Rate of salary increase	7.50%	
Total of Building and Control of the	7.50%	7.50%
Rate of employee turnover	For service 4 years and below 15.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 7.50% p.a.	For service 4 years and below 15.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 7.50% p.a.
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012- 14) Ultimate
Mortality rate after employment	N.A.	N.A.
		(₹ Mn)
Table showing change in the present value of projected benefit obligation	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Present value of benefit obligation at the beginning of the period	7.81	7.58
Interest cost	0.58	0.53
Current service cost	0.95	0.62
Liability transferred in/acquisitions	0.36	0.50
(Liability transferred out/divestments)	(0.57)	-
(Benefit paid from the fund)	(0.42)	(2.00)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to change in	(0.42)	(2.00)
financial assumptions	0.16	(0.28)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to experience	0.87	0.86
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the period	9.74	***************************************
Treatile and a content dong attack of the end of the period	9.74	7.81
Table showing change in the fair value of plan assets		A4444
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the period	r. 0.1	7.0
Interest income	5.81	7.62
(benefit paid from the fund)	0.44	0.53
	(0.42)	(2.00)
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	0.0#	(0.34)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	5.83	5.81
Amount recognised in the balance sheet		
(Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the period)	(9.74)	(7.81)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period Funded status (surplus/ (deficit))	5.83	5.81
	(3.91)	(2.00)
Net (liability)/asset recognised in the balance sheet	(3.91)	(2.00)
Net interest cost for current period		
Interest cost	0.58	
(Interest income)	(0.44)	0.53
Net interest cost for current period	0.15	(0.53)
	V.13	-
Expenses recognised in the statement of profit or loss for current period		
Current service cost	0.95	0.62
Net interest cost	0.15	0.02
Expenses recognised	1.10	0.62
Expenses recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI) for current period		
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation for the period	1.03	0.58
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	0.0#	0.34
Net (income)/expense for the period recognised in OCI	1.03	0.92
Balance sheet reconciliation		
Opening net liability	2.00	(0.04)
Expenses recognised in statement of profit or loss	1.10	0.62
Expenses recognised in OCI	1.03	0.92
Net liability/(asset) transfer in	0.36	0.50
Net (liability)/asset transfer out	(0.57)	_
Net liability/(asset) recognised in the balance sheet	3.91	2.00



Note: 0.00# indicates less than (₹10,000/-)



360 ONE Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Investment Adviser and Trustee Services Limited)
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

23.1. Gratuity Abridged Disclosure Statement For the year ended March 31, 2024

		(₹Mn)
Category of assets	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Insurance fund	5.83	5.81
Total	5.83	5.81
Other details		
No of active members	30	27
Per month salary for active members	3.50	2.89
Weighted average duration of PBO	10	10
Average expected future service	8	9
Projected benefit obligation (PBO)	9.74	7.81
Prescribed contribution for next year (12 months)	3.50	2.89
Maturity analysis of the benefit payments		
1st following year	0.83	0.68
2nd following year	0.82	0.67
3rd following year	0.80	0.65
4th following year	0.83	0.64
Sth following year	2.11	0.64
Sum of years 6 to 10	3.90	3.81
Sum of years 11 and above	8.26	7,65
Sensitivity analysis		
PBO on current assumptions	9.74	7.80
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of discounting	(0.61)	(0.50)
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of discounting	0.69	0.57
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of salary increase	0.38	0.36
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of salary increase	(0.39)	(0.34)
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of employee turnover	0.09	0.08
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of employee turnover	(0.11)	(0.09)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

23.2 Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company has recognised the following amounts as an expense and included in the Employee Benefit Expenses.

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Contribution to provident fund	2.98	2.59
Total	2.98	2.59





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 24. Other Expenses:-

(₹ Mn)

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Operations and fund management expenses	0.89	0.90
Rent and energy cost	6.22	5.67
Insurance	-	0.09
Repairs & maintenance	0.14	0.22
Marketing, advertisement and business promotion expenses	0.16	0.11
Travelling & conveyance	8.13	5.45
Legal & professional fees	3,18	3.38
Communication	0.86	0.94
Software charges / Technology cost	1.88	2.71
Office & other expenses	2.50	16.47
Remuneration to Auditors :		***************************************
Audit fees (Net of GST input credit)	0.50	0.27
Certification expenses	0.04	0.10
Out Of pocket expenses	0.02	0.00#
Printing & Stationary		0.07
Total	24.52	36.38

Note: 0.00# indicates less than (₹10,000/-)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 25. Income taxes

Disclosure pursuant to Income Taxes

(a) Major components of tax expense/ (income)

			(₹ Mn)
Sr. No.	Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
	Statement of Profit and Loss:		
(a)	Profit and Loss section:		
	(i) Current Income tax :		
	Current income tax expense	46.39	5.01
	Total Current Income Tax(i)	46,39	5.01
	(ii) Deferred Tax:		
	Tax expense on origination and reversal of temporary differences	(0.42)	0.05
	Total Deferred Tax(ii)	(0.42)	0.05
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss [(i)+(ii)]	45.97	5.06
(b)	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section:		
	(i) Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		·
	(A) Current tax expense/(income):	***************************************	
	(B) Deferred tax expense/(income):		
	On re-measurement of defined benefit plans	(0.26)	(0.23)
	Income tax expense reported in the other comprehensive income (i)	(0.26)	(0.23)
L			

(b) Reconciliation of Income tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate applicable in India:

/ -			ı
13	rva	n	

Sr. No.	Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
(a)	Profit before tax	182.45	20.61
(b)	Income tax expense at tax rate applicable to the Company	45.92	5.19
(c)	Tax effect on various other items	0.05	(0.13)
	Total effect of tax adjustments	0.05	(0.13)
(d)	Tax expense recognised during the year	45.97	5.06





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 26. Earnings Per Share:

Basic and diluted earnings per share ["EPS"] computed in accordance with INDAS 33 'Earnings per share".

			(₹ Mn)
Particulars		2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
BASIC			
Profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss before Other Comprehensive Income (₹ Mn)	А	136.48	15.55
Weighted average number of shares issued	В	3,52,25,000	3,52,25,000
Face value of equity shares (in ₹) fully paid		10.00	10.00
Basic EPS (₹)	A/B	3.87	0.44
DILUTED			
Profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss before Other Comprehensive Income	А	136.48	15.55
Weighted average number of shares issued	В	3,52,25,000	3,52,25,000
Add: Potential equity shares on account of conversion of employee stock option	С		-//
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	D=B+C	3,52,25,000	3,52,25,000
Diluted EPS (₹)	A/D	3.87	0.44





360 ONE Investment Advisor and Trustee Services Limited (Formorly known as IRE Investment Advisor and Trustee Services Limited)

CIN: U74990MH2010P1C211334

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 27. Disclosure Pursuant to Ind A\$ 107 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures' Financial Risk Management objectives and policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's risk management policy is approved by the board committee. The Company's principal financial sabilities comprise trace and other payables, inter-corporate borrowings and other financials sabilities. The Company's principal financial assets that derive directly from its operations and investment.

The Company is exposed to mixel risk, credit risk, byudidity risk etc. The Company's senior management oversees the munagement of these risks. The Company's senior management is overseen by the audit committee—with respect to risks and facilitates appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. Financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company policies and risk objectives. The Bipard of Oldectors reviews and agrees policies for managing key risks, which are summarised below.

27A.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk assessement on various components is described below:

Trade receivables, Other receivables and Other Financial Assets

The Company's trade receivables primarily includes receivables from Trusteeship, portfolio management scheme and advisory services arrangements. The Company has made lifetime expected credit loss provision based on provision matrix which takes into account historical experience in collection and credit losses

Credit Risk on Other Financial assets is considered insignificant as the counterparty (isk does not exists and considering the nature of such assets.

Particulars	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	5.98	3.9
Movement in expected credit loss allowances on		
trade receivable	2.06	2.00
Balance at the end of the year	8.04	5.90

21 Others

In addition to the above, balance with banks, investments in bonds, debt securities and units of mutual funds, loans also have exposure to credit risk.

Credit risk on balance with banks is limited as these balances are generally held with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings and/or with capital adequacy ratio above the prescribed regulatory limits.

Credit risk in respect of investments in bonds, debt securities and units of motual funds classified as Fair Value through Profit or loss is priced in the fair value of the respective instruments.

Credit risk on loans is considered insignificant considering the loan is given to group companies. Similarly the credit risk with group ncd is considered insignificant

27B. Liquidity Risk

tiquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its short-term financial obligations. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and by having access to funding through a Inter corporate borrowing from group companies. The Company seeks to maintain flexibility in funding mix by way of sourcing the funds through inter company deposite to meet its business and liquidity

The following table shows the maturity profile of Financial liabilities:

	As at March 31, 2024					
Financial Babilitles	Total	Less than 1 months	1 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above
Trade Payables	59.04	1.54	37,50			
Other financial liabilities	0.48	0.46			-	
Total	39.52	2.02	37,50			

	As at March 31, 2023					
financial liabilities	Total	Less (han 1 months	1 months to 6 months	5 months to 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	5 years and above
Trade Payables	19.83	19.83				
Other financial liabilities	1.18	1.18		-	-	
Total	21.01	21.03	-			
For Finance Lease Obligation Maturity Refer Note	11		·	·	l·······	f

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in futures eash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument as explained below. The Company manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluate and exercises control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommends risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by senior management and the Audit/ investment committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limit and policies.

27C.1 Currency Risk

The Company does not run a proprietary trading position in foreign currencies and foreign currency denominated instruments However the Company does have some exposure to foreign currencies by mainitaing cash balance in currencies other than reporting/functional currencies

The carrying amount of Financial assets and liabilities subject to foreign exchange risk for FY 2023 - 2024 are as below

articulars	AFO	CAD	HKD	560	GEP	PMR	
ash and Cash Equivalents					0.00*		

The carrying amount of Financial assets and liabilities subject to foreign exchange risk for FY 2022 - 2023 are as below

Particulars	AED	CAD	HKD	SGD	GBP	RMB
Cash and Cash Equivalents						KIYID
			<u> </u>		0.02	-

0.00# Indicates less than (*10,000/-)

27C.2 Interest rate disk

The Company has measured interest rate disk sensitivity on financial assets and liabilities on financial instruments accounted for on amortised cost basis. Since all loans and borrowings are fixed rate there is no interest rate The Company has no financials assets or liabilities which are exposed to interest rate risk.

The Company has no financials assets or liabilities which are exposed to interest rate risk.

27Ca. Other Price Risk
Other price risk is related to the change in market reference price of the derivative financial instruments, investments and debt securilles which are fair valued and exposes the Group to price risks.

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities subject to indep sick is as below.

Particulars	As at Merch 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Financial Assets		
Investments	364.77	303.59
	364.77	303.59

Sensitivity to change in prices of the above assets and liabilities are measured on the following parameters investments in AFFs / MFs /others 1% change in the NAV/price

Invesments in Debt securities and Governmen Securities, Debt Securities issued (Liabilities), and Interest rate derivatives linked to underlying interest/price movements in the interest bearing securities	0.25% change in yield over duration of the Instruments considering PV(0.1) as a measure of change in value

A hypothetical 100 basis point shift in the benchmark rate will have impact on the profit and loss as below:

	2023 - 2024	2022 - 2023	
Increase		***************************************	
Impact on Profit and Loss after tax	2,73	2.27	
impact on Equity	2.73	2 27	
Decrease			
Impact on Profit and Loss after tax	(2.73)	(2.27)	
Impact on Equity	(2.73)	12.271	





(K Mn)

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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

270.Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value.

27E. Category Wise Classification for applicable Financial Assets and Liabilities

			As at March 31, 2	2024	
Sr No.	Particulars	Measure at Amorised Cost	Measured At Fair Value through Profit or Loss (9/4)	Measured At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Financial Assets				
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	20.35			20 35
(b)	Receivables				20/35
	(I) Trade receivables	202.94			202,94
	(II) Other receivables	0.32			0.32
(c)	Loans	0.49			0.49
(d)	Investments	-	364.77		364,77
(e)	Other financial assets	23.46			29.48
	Total	247.58	364.77		G12.35
	Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Payables				
	(I)Trade payables				
	(i) total autztanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises				
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other	-			· · · · ·
	than micro enterprises and small enterprises	39.04	_ !	.	39.04
(b)	Lease Liabilities	1.11			1.11
{c}	Other financial liabilities	0.48		-	0.48
	Total	40.63			40.63

			As at March 31,	2023	
5r No.	Particulars	Measure at Amorised Cost	Measured At Fair Value through Profit or Loss(P/t)	Measured At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total
	Financial Assets			(50)	10101
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	₹2.97			32,97
(b)	Receivables				31.27
	(i) Trade receivables	53.49			53.49
	(II) Other receivables	0.33			0.33
(c)	Investments		303.59		303.59
(d)	Other financial assets	21.69			21.89
	Total	108.68	303,59		412.27
	Financial Dabilities				722.21
(a)	Payables				
	(I)Trade payables				<u>-</u>
	(i) lotal outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-		_	······································
	(if) total outstanding dues of creditors other				
	than micro enterprises and small enterprises	19.83			19.83
(b)	Lease Uabilities	7.28			2.78
(c)	Other financial liabilities	1.18			1.15
	Total	23,29			23.29

275.1. Fair values of financial instruments

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

—Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments,

—Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly

observable from market data.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. Thin category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs that are not observable and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument. Saluation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to refloct differences.

between the instruments.
The Company uses widely recognised valuation models to determine the fair value of common and simple financial instruments, such as interest rate and currency swaps, that use only observable market data and require little management judgement and estimation. Observable prices or model inputs are usually available in the market for listed debt and equity securities, exchange-traded derivatives and simple OTC derivatives such as interest rate swaps. The availability of observable market prices and model inputs reduces the need for management judgement and estimation and also reduces the uncertainty associated with determining fair values.

The following table analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised.

The amounts are based on the values recognised in the statement of financial position. The fair values include any deferred differences between the transaction price and the fair value on initial recognition when the fair value is based on a valuation technique that uses unobservable inputs.

	Recurring fair value measurements at 31.03.2024				
Financial instruments measured at fair value	tevel 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial Assets					
Investments in Mutual Fund	172.02		-	172.02	
investments in Debt securities		192.75		197.75	
Total Assets	172.02	192.75		364,77	

<u> </u>	Recurring fair value measurements at 31,03,2023				
Financial Instruments measured at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial Assets					
Investments in Mutual funds	10.13			10.13	
Investments in Debt securities	-	293.46		293.46	
Total Assets	10.13	293.46		303.50	

27E. 1b Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial Assets and liabilities which are	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets				140 1400
Cash and cash equivalents	20.35	20.35	32.97	32.97
Receivables			21.57	72.27
(I) Trade receivables	202,94	202.94	53.49	53,49
(II) Other receivables	0.32	D.32	0.33	0.33
Loans	0.49	0.49		
Other financial assets	23.48	23.48	21.59	21,89
Financial Ushilities				22.47
(I)Trade payables				
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises				
and small enterprises	- 1			
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other				
than micro enterprises and small enterprises	39.04	39.04	19.83	19.83
Lease Liabilities	1.11	1.11	2.28	2.28
Other financial liabilities	0.46	0.48	1.18	1.38

Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loans and other financial assets are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term

carrying amounts of trade payables, lease liabilities and other linancial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature.





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 28. Capital, Other Commitments and Contingent Liabilities at Balance Sheet date:

Capital and Other Commitments

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		(s ivin)
		As at March 31,
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	2023
Commitments to contribute funds for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and		
intangible assets	-	1.34
Total	-	1.34

Contingent Liabillities

(₹ Mn)

Particulars		As at March 31,
	As at March 31, 2024	2023
Disputed income tax demand*	15.23	15.23

Total	15.23	15.23

^{*} Amount paid under protest with respect to income tax demand ₹ 3.13 mn (P.Y ₹ 3.13 mn)

Management believes that the ultimate outcome of above matters will not have a material adverse impact on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows. In respect of above matters, future cash outflows in respect of contingent liabilities are determinable only on receipt of judgements pending at various authorities.

Note 28.1. The Company operates from and uses the premises, infrastructure and other facilities and services as provided to it by its holding Company/group companies, which are termed as 'Shared Services'. Hitherto, such shared services consisting of administrative and other revenue expenses paid for by the Company were identified and recovered/recoverable from the Company based on reasonable management estimates, which are constantly refined in the light of additional knowledge gained relevant to such estimation. These expenses are recovered on an actual basis and the estimates are used only where actual expenses were difficult to determine.

Note 28.2. Segment Reporting

In the opinion of the management, there is only one reportable business segment Trust Advisory/ Trustee of AIFs as envisaged by Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments', as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Accordingly, no separate disclosure for segment reporting is required to be made in the financial statements of the Company. Secondary segment based on geography has not been presented as the Company operates primarily in India and the Company perceives that there is no significant difference in its risk and returns in operating from different geographic areas within India.





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 29. Related Party Disclosures:

a) List of Related Parties:

Nature of relationship	Name of party
Director/ Key Managerial Personnel	Mr. Girish Venkataraman, Whole-time Director and Chief Executive Officer
	Mr. Niraj Murarka, Non-Executive Director
	Mr. Rohit Wadhwa, Whole- Time Director
	Mr. Himanshu K Jain, Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. Febuary 10, 2024)
	Ms. Nikita Shah, Company Secretary
Holding Company	360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)
Fellow Subsidiaries	360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)
	360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited)
	360 ONE Asset Trustee Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Trustee Limited)
	360 ONE IFSC Limited (Formerly known as IFFL Wealth Securities IFSC Limited)
	360 ONE Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited)
	360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)
	360 One Foundation (Formerly known as IIFLW CSR Foundation)
	MAVM Angels Network Private Limited (w.e.f. November 15,2022)
	360 ONE Alternates Asset Management Limited (w.e.f. October 31, 2023)
	360 ONE Private Wealth (Dubai) Private Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Private Wealth Management (Dubai) Limited)
	360 ONE INC. (Formerly known as IIFL Inc.)
	360 ONE Asset Management (Mauritius) Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management (Mauritius) Limited)
	360 ONE Capital Pte. Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Capital Pte. Limited)
	360 ONE Capital (Canada) Limited (Formerly known as HFL Capital (Canada) Limited)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 29. Related Party Disclosures:

b) Significant Transactions with Related Parties & Disclosures for the year ended March 31, 2024

Nature of Transaction	Director/Key Managerial Person	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	(₹ in Min Total
ICD Taken				
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)	-	101.00 (270.00)		101.00 (270.00
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)		-	(80.00)	- (80.00
ICD Repaid				***************************************
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)		101.00		101.00
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)	-	(270.00)	-	(270.00
Interest Income on NCD	-	-	(80.00)	(80.00
	-		20.00	20.00
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)	-	•	28.38 (29.10)	28.38 (29.10
Interest Expense on ICD				
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)		0.09 {1.15}		0.09 (1.15
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)		- (1.12)	(0.08)	
ICD Given		770700	(0.08)	(0.08
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)	-	**	60.00	60.00
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as HFL Wealth Prime Limited)	-		20.00	20.00
ICD Received Back				
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)	-	-	60.00	60.00
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)	-	-	20.00	20.00
Interest Income on ICD				
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)	*	-	0.54	0.54
Remuneration to Key Managerial Person			-	
	40.07	-		40.07
Salaries and other employee benefits to whole time directors and other KMPs	(28.10)	-		(28.10)
Fees Earned For Services (including Brokerage) rendered			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
360 ONE Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited)	~	-	6.29	6.29
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth			(5.85) 18.37	(5.85) 18.37
Distribution Services Limited)			(16.10)	(16.10)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 29. Related Party Disclosures:

Nature of Transaction	Director/Key Managerial Person	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total
Fees/Expenses incurred/Reimbursed For Services Procured				
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)	_	5.68 (5.13)	-	5.68
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IFFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)	-	(5.15)	(45.20)	(5.13)
	-		(15.20)	(15.20)
Allocation / Reimbursement Of Expenses Paid (Refer No.Note No. 28.1)				
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Limited)	-	2.98 (3.78)	-	2.98 (3.78)
Other Funds Received				
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited)		-	0.17	0.17
	-	-		
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)	# THE	-	0.35	0.35
360 ONE Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited)	-	-	-	-
Limited)	w	-	(0.60)	(0.60)
Other Funds Paid (Refer No. Note No. 28.1)			·····	
360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IFL Wealth Management Limited)	*	4.79		4.79
360 ONE Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers	-	(1.85)	0.11	(1.85)
Limited)	-		-	-
360 ONE Distribution Services Limited { Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Distribution Services Limited}	-	-	0.46	0.46
360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset		-	0.30	0.30
Management Limited)			*	-
Purchase of Investment				
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)			-	*
	-		(90.55)	(90.55)
Sale of Investment				
360 ONE Prime Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Prime Limited)	L.	-	- 100	
	*		(91.39)	(91.39)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 30. Related Party Disclosures:

			-111.00
Director/Key Managerial Person	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Total
*	-	5.16	5.16
-		1.62 (1.29)	1.62 (1.29)
		_	
	1.00	-	1.00
-		(0.05)	(1.95)
-	<u>.</u>	(0.20)	(0.20)
	-	(0.20)	(0.20)
		0.00#	0.00#
-	-	190.93	190.93 (290.87)
		(250.07)	(230.87)
	Person	Person Holding Company	Person Holding Company Fellow Subsidiaries 5.16 1.62 (1.29) (1.95) (0.05) (0.20) (0.20) (0.20) (0.20) (0.20) (0.20)





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 30.1 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2024

/=		
15	IVI	กเ

SR.	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
No.		Within 12 months	Acce 12 monens	TOTAL
·····	ASSETS			
1	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	20.35		20.3
(b)	Receivables	20.33		20.3
. (- ,	(I) Trade receivables	202.94		202_9
	(II) Other receivables	0.32		0.3
(c)	Loans	0.49		0.4
(d)	Investments	364.77		364.7
(e)	Other financial assets	23.48		23.4
2	Non-Financial Assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)		19.54	19.5
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)		2.64	2.6
(c)	Property, plant and equipment		1.64	1.6
(d)	Intangible assets under development	2.17	- 1.04	2.1
(e)	Right of use		1.07	1.0
(f)	Other non-financial assets	0.79		0.7
	Total Assets	615.31	24.89	640.7
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			040.3
	LIABILITIES	*		
1	Financial Liabilities		·	
(a)	Payables			
(0)	(I)Trade payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and			_
	small enterprises (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro	*		
	enterprises and small enterprises	70.04		39.0
(b)	Finance Lease Liabilities	39.04	0.70	
(c)	Other financial liabilities	0.31	0.79	1.1
1~/		0.40		0.4
2	Non-Financial Liabilities			<u>-</u>
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	35.98		35.9
(b)	Provisions	3.52	0.53	4.0
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	13.92		13.9
3	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity share capital		352.25	352.2
(b)	Other equity		193.36	193.3
	Total Liabilities and Equity	93.25	546.93	640.2





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Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 30.2. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2023

				(₹Mn
SR. No.	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
	ASSETS			
1	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	32.97	-	32.97
(b)	Receivables		****	*
	(I) Trade receivables	53.49	-	53.49
	(II) Other receivables	0.33	-	0.33
(c)	Loans	-	_	-
(d)	Investments	303.59	-	303.5
(e)	Other financial assets	21.89	-	21.8
2	Non-Financial Assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	-	25.32	25.3
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	1.96	1.9
(c)	Property, plant and equipment	_	0.13	0.1
(e)	Intangible Asset under Development	0.56	-	0.5
(f)	Right of use	-	2.25	2.2
(g)	Other non-financial assets	1.32		1.3
	Total Assets	414.15	29.66	443.8
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
•	LIABILITIES			
1	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Payables			
7 12/10/	(I)Trade payables			
·	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	19.83	-	19.8
(b)	Finance Lease Liabilities	0.54	1,74	2.2
(c)	Other financial liabilities	1.18		1.1
2	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	0.57	-	0.5
(b)	Provisions	2.01	0.10	2.1
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	7.93	-	7.9
3	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity share capital		352.25	352.2
(b)	Other equity		57.65	57.6
· · ·	Total Liabilities and Equity	32.06	411.74	443.8





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 31: Other Statutory Information

- 1. No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder, as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- 2. The Company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India, during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- 3. The Company does not have any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- 4. There have been no transactions which have not been recorded in the books of account, that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023., in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. There have been no previously unrecorded income and related assets which were to be properly recorded in the books of account during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- 5. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 6. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- 7. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.
- 8. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 9. Considering that the Company is in the business of advisory services & trustee services, the analytical ratios related to Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR), Tier I CRAR, Tier II CRAR and Liquidity Coverage Ratios are not applicable





Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 32. Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events from the date of financial statements till the date of adoption of accounts.

Note 33. Previous year figures are regrouped where ever considered necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

Note 34. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issuance by the Board of Directors on April 20, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Girish Venkataraman

Whole Time Director and CEO

(DIN: 06981605)

Himanshu K. Jain Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai Date: April 20, 2024 Niraj Kumar Murarka

Director

(DIN: 02312454)



Nikita Shah Company Secretary

(ACS: 26447)